

# ALTANOVA

a Doble company



## High Voltage cables partial discharge test during commissioning

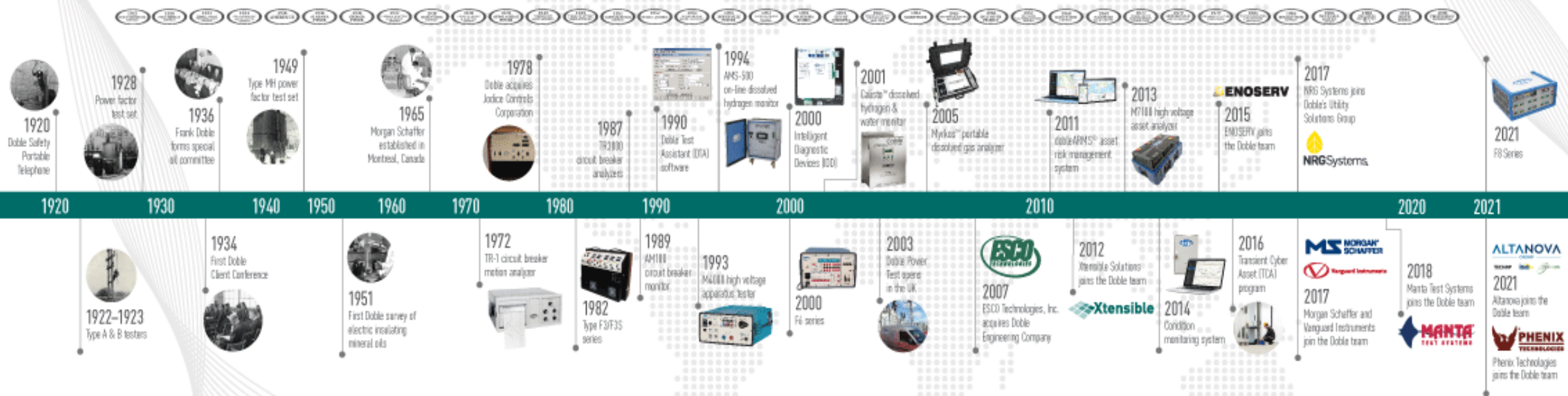
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Senior Service Engineer  
[lpaschini@doble.com](mailto:lpaschini@doble.com)

*ALTANOVA, a Doble Engineering Company, provides diagnostic solutions to utilities and industries to improve the performance of their electrical assets through portable testing equipment, advanced monitoring systems, and professional services.*



# Doble History

## 100 YEARS OF SERVICE TO THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY



# Altanova Today



**100**  
COUNTRIES



**12** GLOBAL  
FACILITY  
LOCATIONS



**150+**  
EMPLOYEES



**150+**  
SALES PARTNERS



**5550+**  
CUSTOMERS GLOBALLY



Part of ESCO Technologies'  
Utility Solutions Group

## PRODUCT BRANDS



# Our Solutions

## Electrical Test Equipment

Essential for day-to-day maintenance tests of electrical assets. Useful in specific phases of the asset lifecycle:

- Procure
- Operate
- Maintain
- Decommission.

## Professional Services

Diversified offer according to the electrical asset lifecycle:

- Installation and commissioning
- Diagnostic test
- Data analysis
- Consultancy
- Training.



## Monitoring Systems

Shift from a time-based maintenance to a condition-based maintenance.

Focus on predictive maintenance and shift in focus from electric asset value cost to network outage costs.

Strong evolution of digitalization trend in the power industry.

# Testing And Monitoring Solutions For:

- Power transformers
- Circuit breakers
- HV gas insulated switchgears
- MV/HV/EHV cables
- MV/LV switchgears
- Batteries
- Current & voltage transformers
- Protective relays
- Meters and transducers
- Rotating machines
- Variable speed drives
- Overhead lines





# Index

High voltage cables after laying tests

Partial Discharge on HV cables

PD sensor for HV cables accessories

HV cable commissioning & PD test

RTS vs Soak

PD test challenges

Localization techniques

Case studies

# HV cables after laying tests

Mains:

- Insulation Resistance
- Sheath Integrity (single / end to end)
- SVL Integrity
- Link Box contact resistance
- Conductor resistance
- HVAC
- PD test



# PD on HV cables

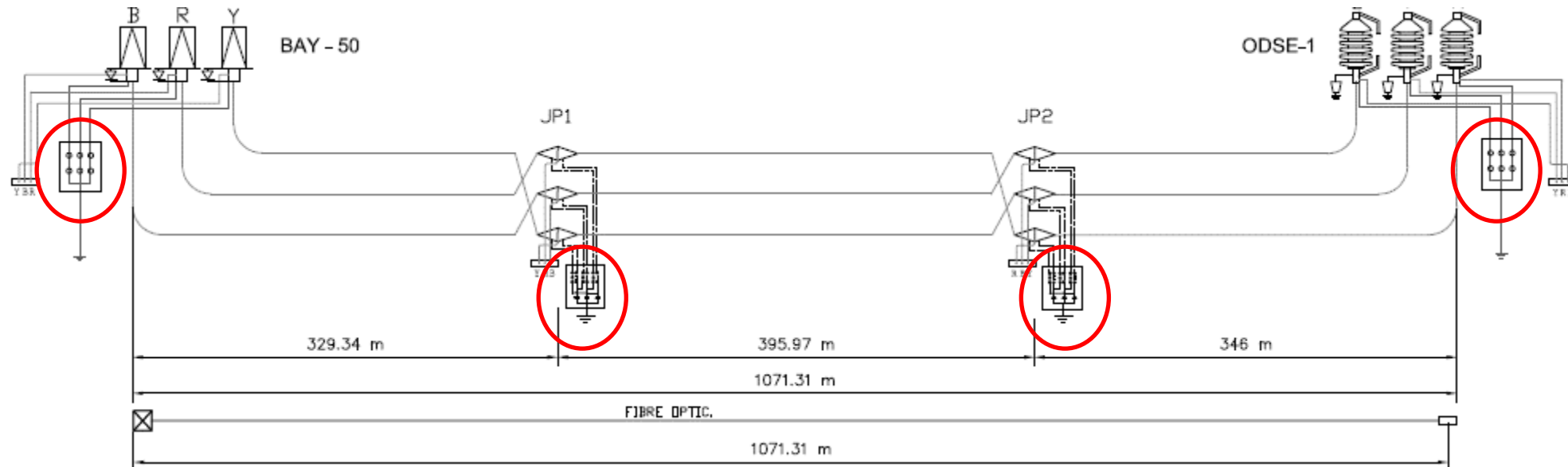
PD test are well established routine test in cables and accessories FAT: cable drums and HV accessories are deeply tested before leaving the factory. The percentage of PD found during HV cable commissioning is nowadays very low (<5%), the main rootcause of the insulation defects are due to:

- Damages to the accessory components
- Poor installation
- Misplacements in the accessories
- Air pockets and trapped gas bubbles
- Stress control components defects

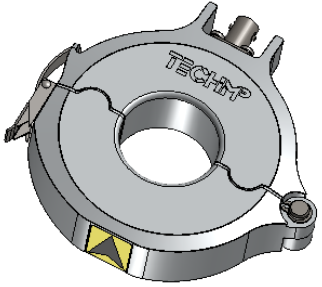


# PD on HV cables

The weakest part of the cable circuit is therefore identified in the cable joints and terminations, these test objects are accessible or at least it is possible to approach the joint link box and pick up the signals.



# PD sensor for HV cables accessories



High Frequency Current Transformers are widely used during HV cables commissioning. By clamping the sensor around the ground leads of the termination/joint it is possible to detect amplitude shape and polarity of the partial discharge pulses flowing in the cable sheath.



# PD sensor for HV cables accessories

**HV accessory embedded Sensor:** Cable manufacturer can provide HV accessories with embedded PD sensors upon customer specification to be directly connected to the PD instrument/oscilloscope to take the readings.



# PD sensor for HV cables accessories



**Flexible magnetic coupler:** To be wrapped around the HV cable: low sensitivity but useful if ground lead not accessible.



**UHF antenna:** Can detect PD activities occurring in GIS cable termination by picking up UHF signals.



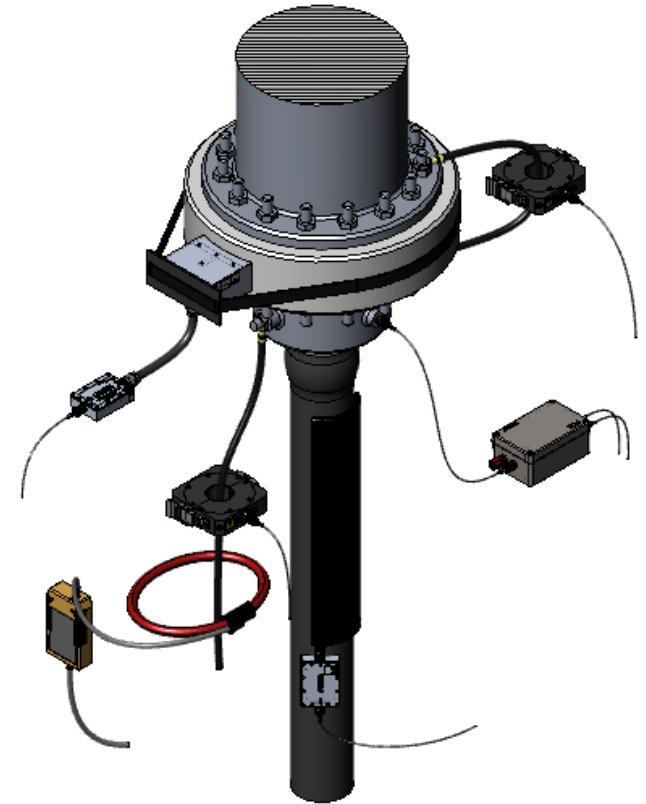
# PD sensor for HV cables accessories

## GIS TERMINATIONS

PD tests at GIS termination can be carried out by means of

- HFCT on the ground leads/jumpers
- UHF measurements on insulating spacer
- Coupling with cable (FMC sensor)
- Eventual embedded sensors

Thanks to the GIS layout the background noise is usually very low and external disturbances are limited.



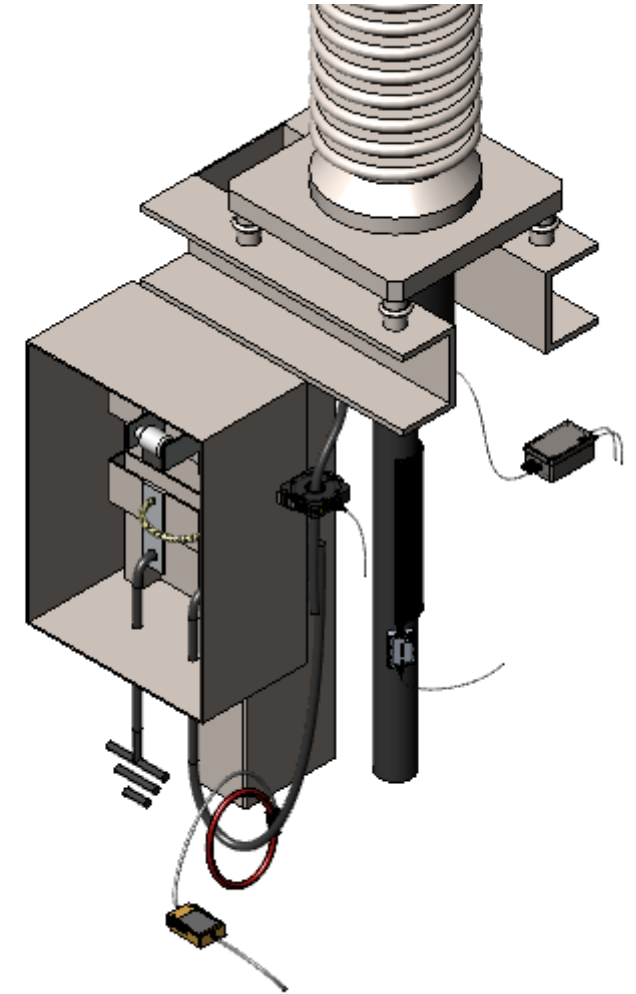
# PD sensor for HV cables accessories

## OUTDOOR TERMINATIONS

PD tests at outdoor terminations are carried out by means of

- HFCT on the ground leads
- Coupling with cable (FMC sensor)
- Eventual embedded sensors

On outdoor terminations it is easy to have external surface disturbances and corona due to sharp edges exposed to air or to the temporary HV connection, it is suggested to take precautions in this direction by installing corona rings and using large diameter pipes for the temporary HV connection



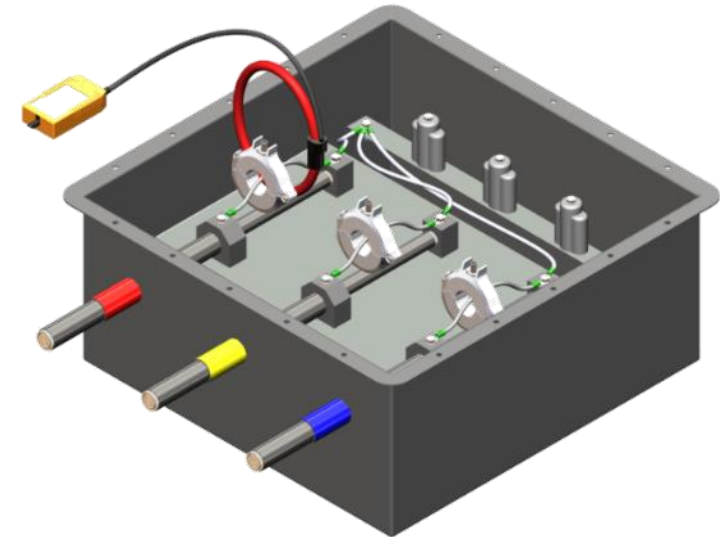
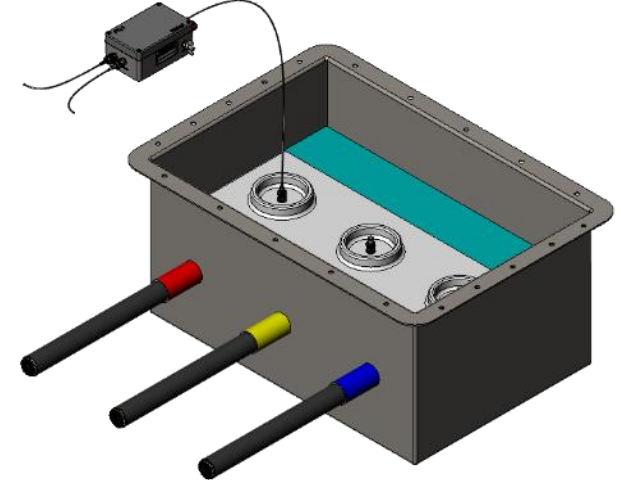
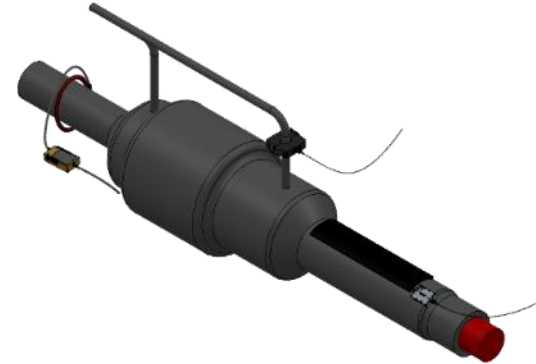
# PD sensor for HV cables accessories

## JOINTS

- HFCT around ground leads
- FMC along cable portion
- HFCT in the link boxes
- Eventual embedded sensors

Far from terminations all the substations disturbances are attenuated and the PD survey can be very sensitive.

The pulse polarity is important together with the pulse frequency and shape top investigate the PD source.





**Pool #1**

# HV cable commissioning & PD test

According to IEC60840 and IEC62067 standards commissioning test is mandatory in order to verify the quality of installation:

- 60 minutes at  $1.1 U_0 - 1.7 U_0$  (**Off-line**);
- 24 hours at  $U_0$  (**SOAK**).

PD test is carried out during those commissioning tests

Different PD test procedures are used according to the selected type of commissioning and circuit layout/characteristics.



# HV cable commissioning & PD test

## SOAK

When energizing the HV cable circuits with the grid the dielectric system is not subjected to overstress, the test duration is extended to 24h.

The PD data is recorded during the 24h time frame thanks to temporary monitoring solutions and PD sensors installed in the cable accessories.



# HV cable commissioning & PD test

## Off-line: RTS

The first solution recommended by IEC is achieved thanks to resonant testing systems, those can be with variable frequency or inductance.

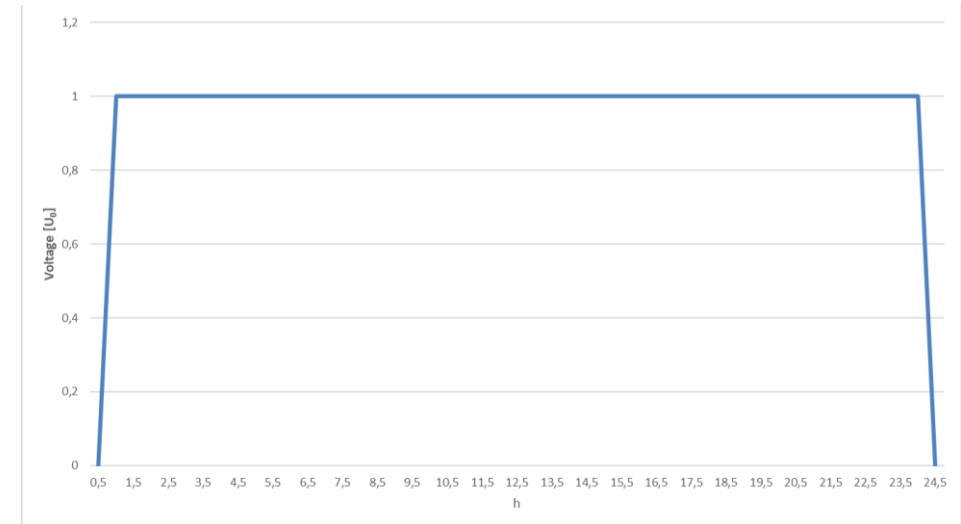
Variable Frequency systems are widely used on trailers for site testing world wide, depend on test voltage and cables length more than unit may be required.



# SOAK vs Off-line

- PD measurement/monitoring is done during the 24 hours test
- No over-voltages applied, no voltage tuning
- Small PD may not be incepted because of the low electrical stress
- Noise and disturbances from the network
- All 3 phases are tested together

Rated Voltage  $U_0$  for 24h continuously



# SOAK vs Off-line

1h OFF-line test Vs 24h SOAK test: advantages and disadvantages

Issue	SOAK	OFF-line
Potential problem on the grid in case of failure	Y	G
Induced noise from the grid	R	G
Induced noise from adjacent phase	Y	G
No. Of companies and crews involved	G	R
Test Voltage Level and voltage tuning	R	G
Cost	G	Y

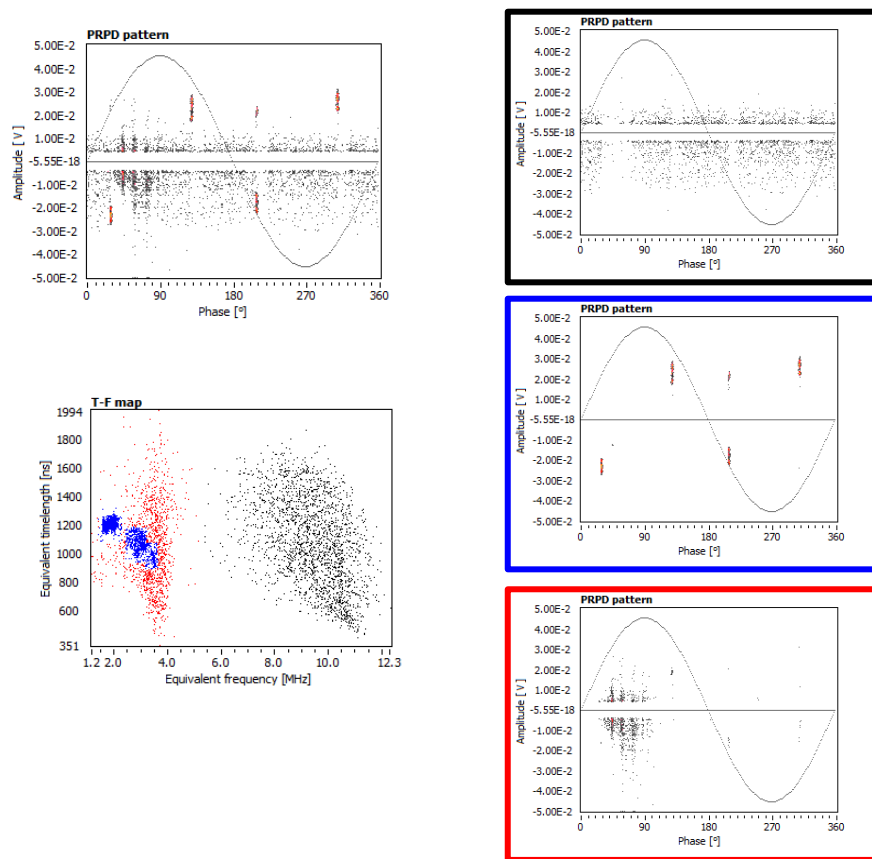
For PD testing the best solution is the OFF line test:

- The insulation is stressed over the rated voltage activating small defects.
- The sensitivity is much higher due to absence of grid & other phases noise.

# SOAK vs OFF-Line

Same Acquisition:

Synchronized with resonance frequency

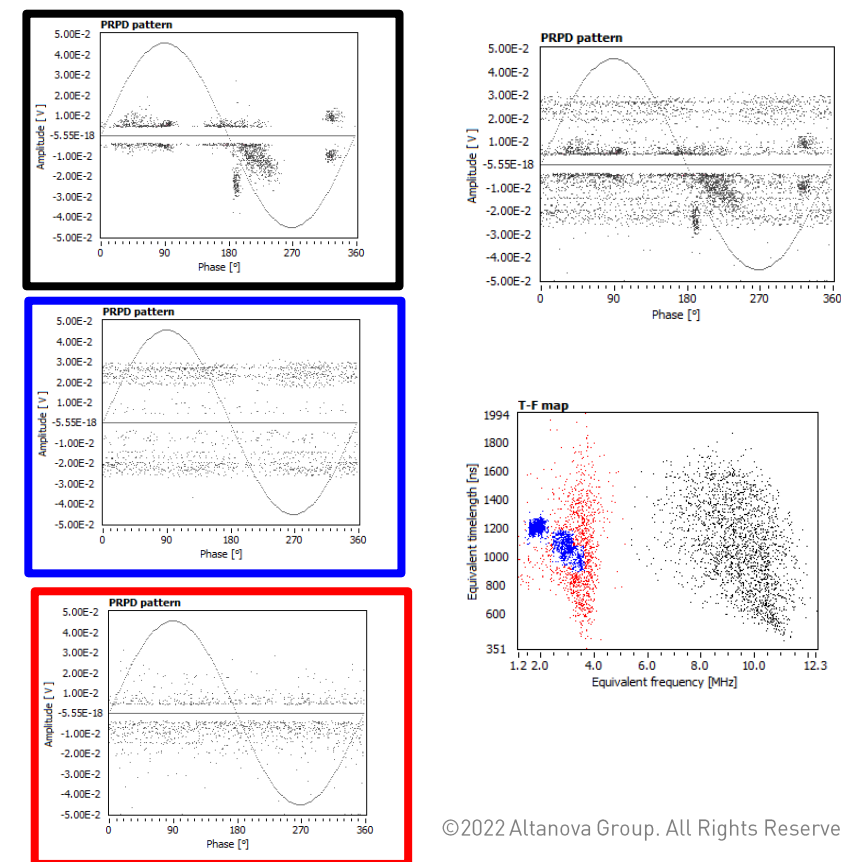


Substation disturbances

RTS noise

HV connction  
disturbances

Synchronized with grid frequency

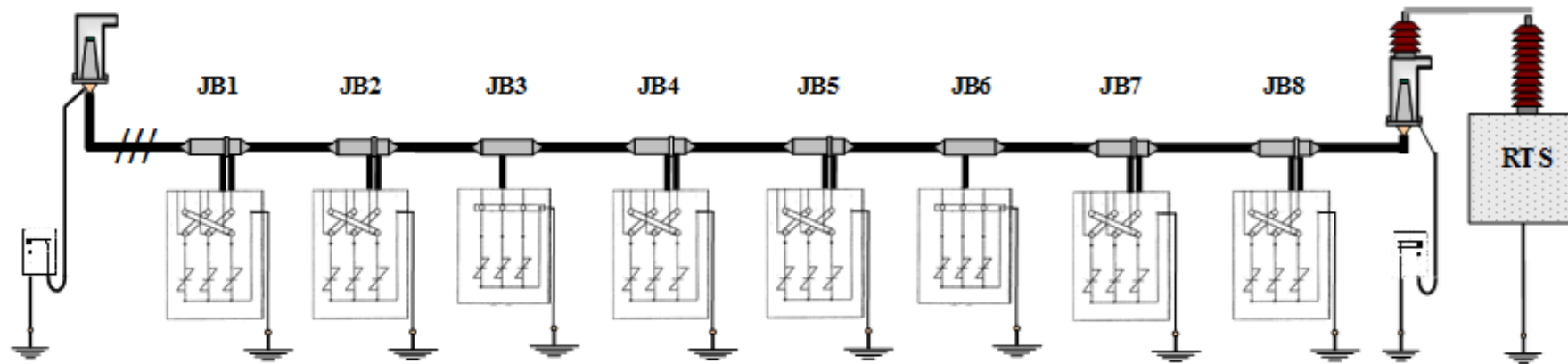


# Off-line PD test

## Simultaneous vs Sequential

Due to the HV cable circuit layout and site conditions 2 techniques can be used to perform the PD test:

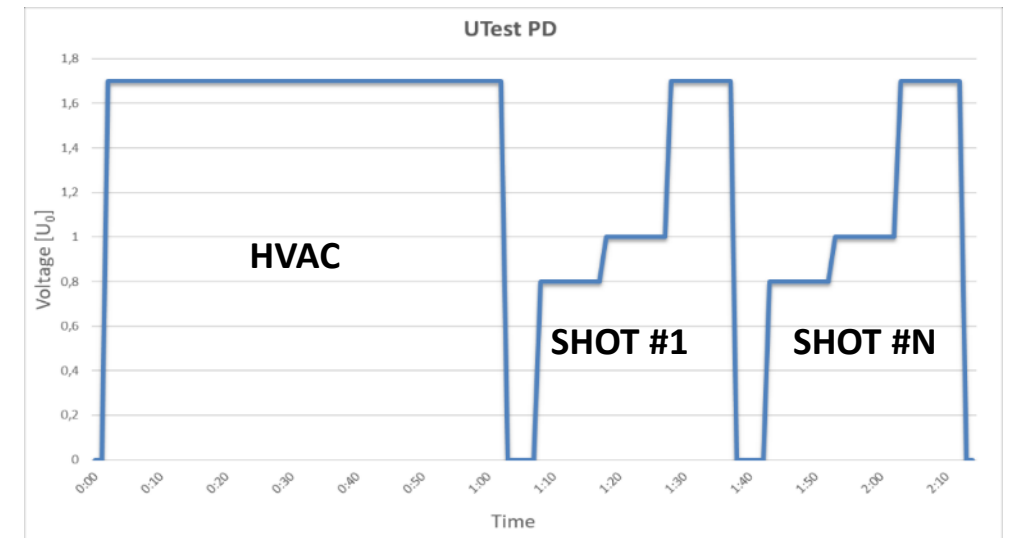
- **SEQUENTIAL** PD test: detection point are tested one by one moving along the circuit.
- **SIMULTANEOUS** PD test: all the detection point are checked together



# Off-line PD test - Sequential

- PD measurement performed after the HVAC test
- Electrical stress is limited to the shot
- Several voltage applications in case of long circuit
- No communication/hardw
- All the accessories are tested after the AC test
- Voltage can be controlled

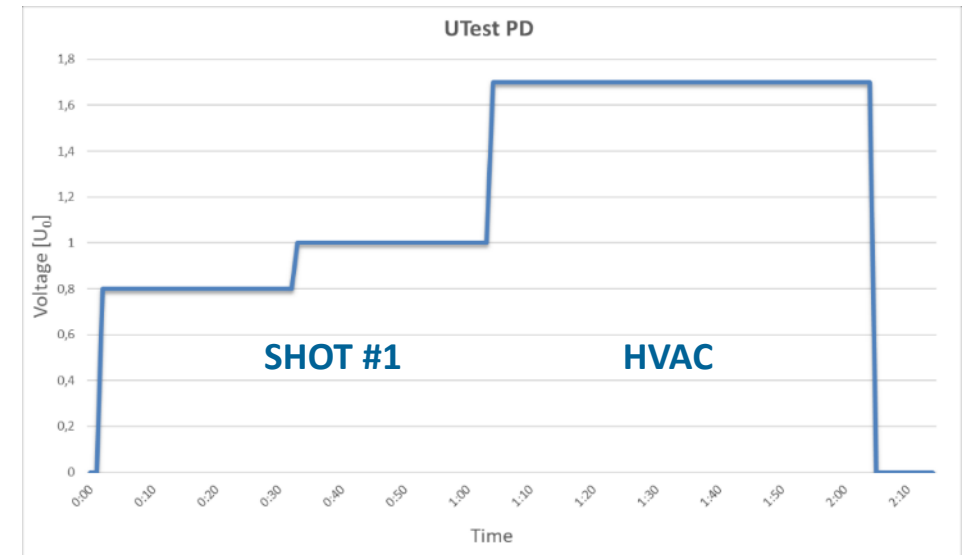
## Overvoltage for 1h + PD test shots duration



# Off-line PD test - Simultaneous

- PD measurement is done during the HVAC test
- Once hardware is set to test it is possible to test up to 4-5 cables per day
- Maximum electrical stress possible
- PD sensors and PD Hubs have to be pre-installed on all the cable accessories
- Fiber optic is required

## Overvoltage for 1h



# Off-line PD test

Offline test: SIMULTANEOUS Vs SEQUENTIAL

Issue	SEQUENTIAL	SIMULTANEOUS
Homogeneous stress on all the HV accessories	R	G
Check on different HV accessories due to extraordinary signal	Y	G
Test Preparation cost & effort	G	R
Test engineer cost	Y	G
Customer involvement in the process	Y	G
Effort from external contractors to prepare the test	G	R
Traffico Control	R	Y

For diagnosis purposes the best solution is the Simultaneous OFF line test.



**Pool #2**

# PD test challenges

During HV cable commissioning some practical issues are:

- Lack of time
- PD data: substation external disturbances
- PD data: HV connection disturbances
- Long circuit → cost explosion



# PD test challenges – Lack of time

The PD test is the final step of very long project, time is always an hot topic due to:

- Limit the voltage stress applied to the cable
- Reduce the site efforts: traffic crews, operations
- Reduce the rental costs (RTS, LV generator)
- Retrieve/minimize project delays

➔ Limit test time without affecting the quality.



# PD test challenges – Substation disturbances

## SOAK MAINLY

Many HV cables ends are localized in substations, where it is easy to find outdoor switchgears or outdoor powerlines, in all these assets can be affected by external PD activity (corona and surface discharges occurring) those can be characterized by high amplitude and repetition rate.

➔ Recognize and sort the external phenomena

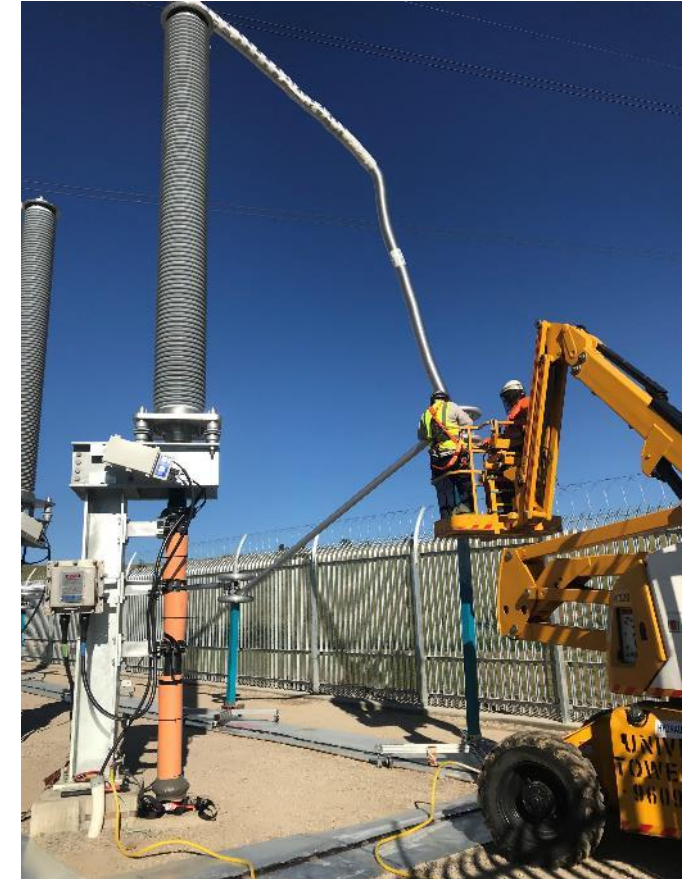


## RTS ONLY

The temporary connection between the cable under test and the RTS is made with solid or flexible aluminium pipes:

- Avoid sharp edges
- Clean the bushing surfaces before the test
- Use large diameter aluminium pipe
- Use double corona rings for connections

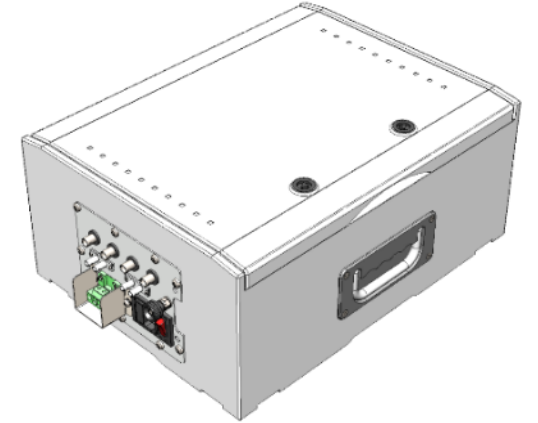
➔ Identify poor connections and rectify



# PD test challenges – long circuit

Longer circuits will be characterized by huge number of accessories (ie: 40 joints phase):

- Larger testing team
- Remote testing (communication and instrumentation)
- Temporary monitoring during the HVAC test



220kV long circuit project: 222 accessories in 4 days:

- Communication infrastructure + 37 temporary pdhub
- 6 operators. 1.5 day installation 2 days test 1 day removal





**Pool #3**

# Localization Techniques

– In case of Internal Partial Discharges detected it is possible to apply three different techniques in order to locate the source of the phenomenon along the cable route:

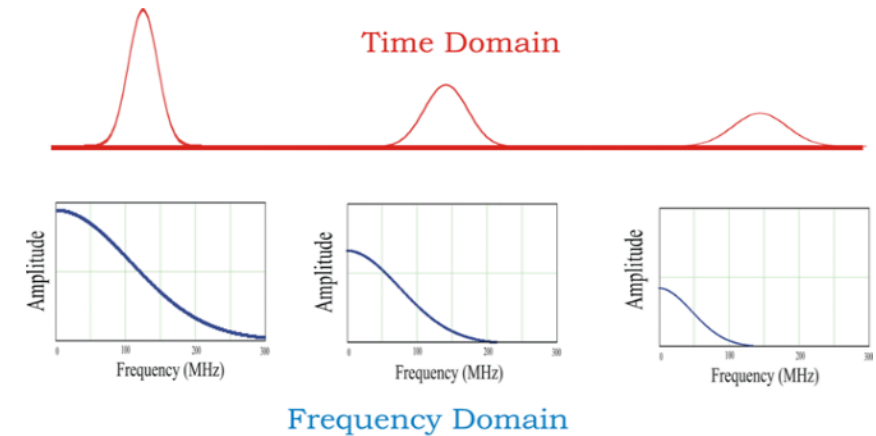
1. **Amplitude – Frequency analysis (AF)**
2. **Time-Domain Reflectometry (TDR)**
3. **Arrival Time Analysis (ATA)**



# Localization Techniques

## 1. Amplitude – Frequency analysis (AF)

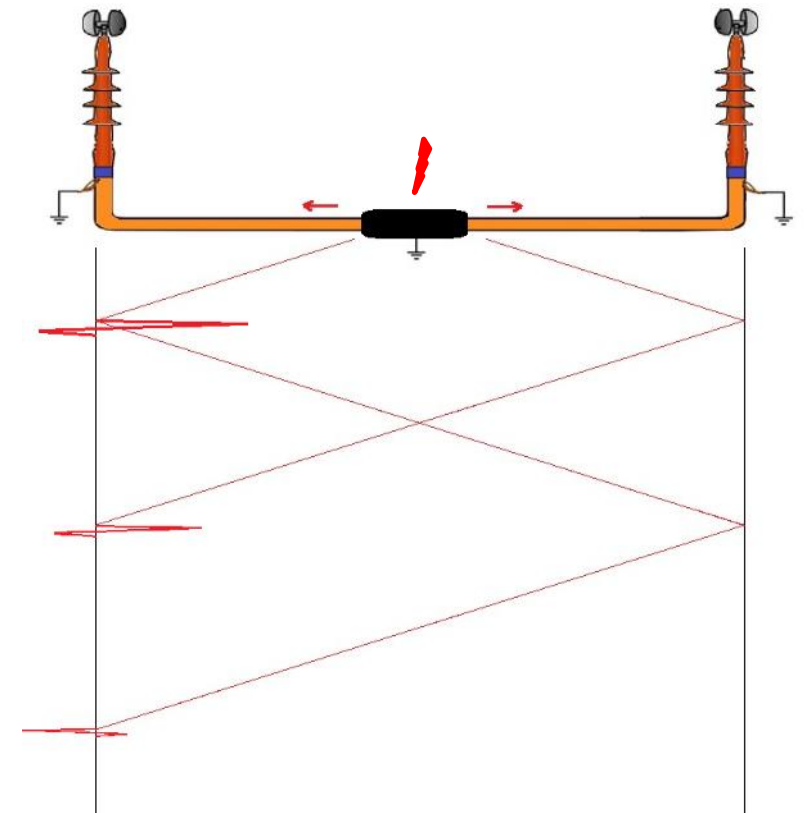
This type of localization is based on the attenuation analysis that the SP signal undergoes traveling along the cable.



# Localization Techniques

## 2. Time-Domain Reflectometry (TDR)

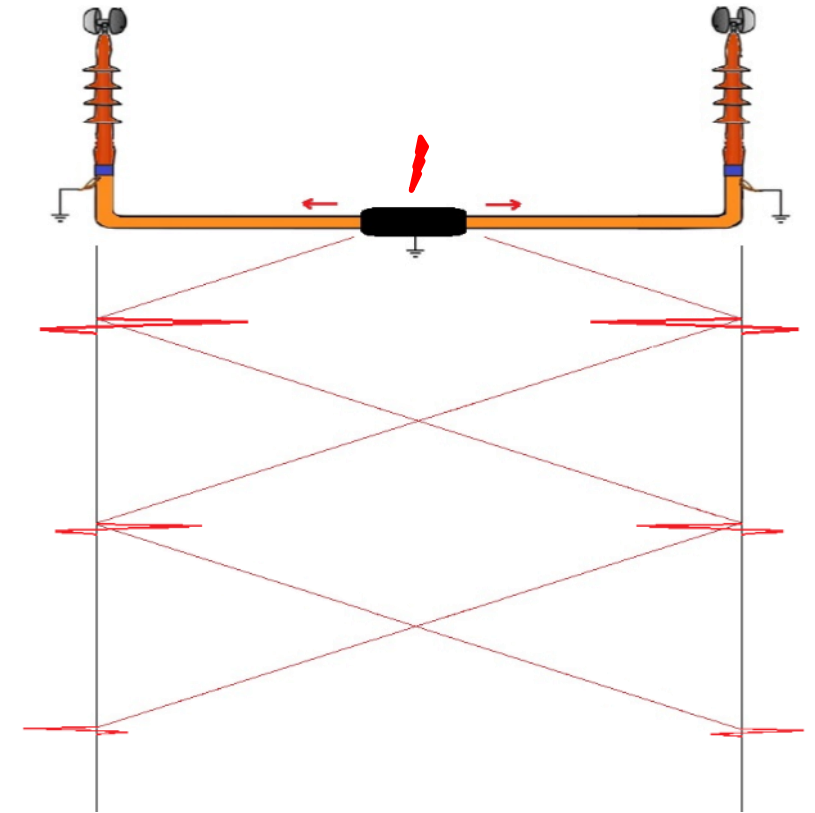
This type of localization is based on the analysis of the signal reflections, generated by the impedance variations present along the line (joints and terminals).



# Localization Techniques

## 3. Arrival Time Analysis (ATA)

This type of localization is based on the analysis of the arrival times of the signal at different points of acquisition.



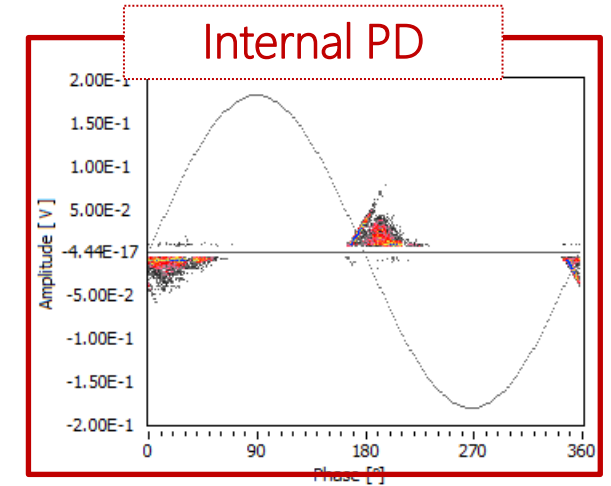
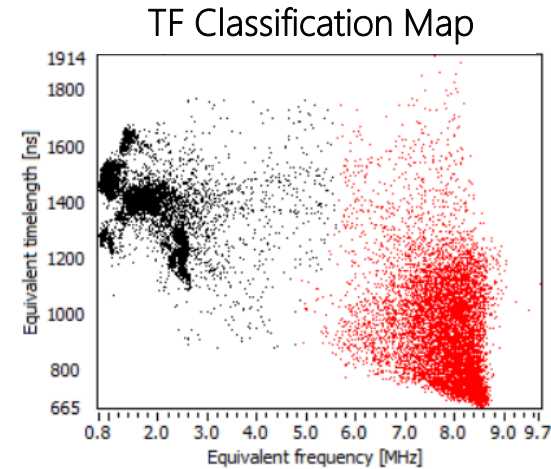
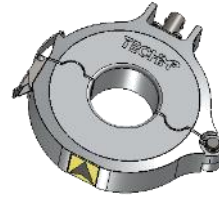
# CS#1 132kV Cable Termination

## Measurement Information:

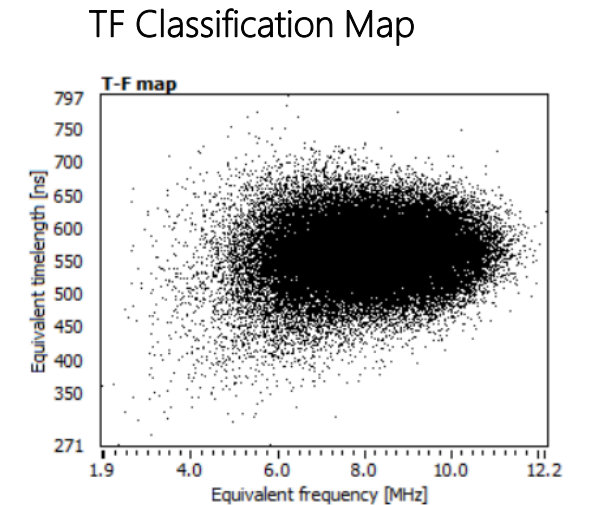
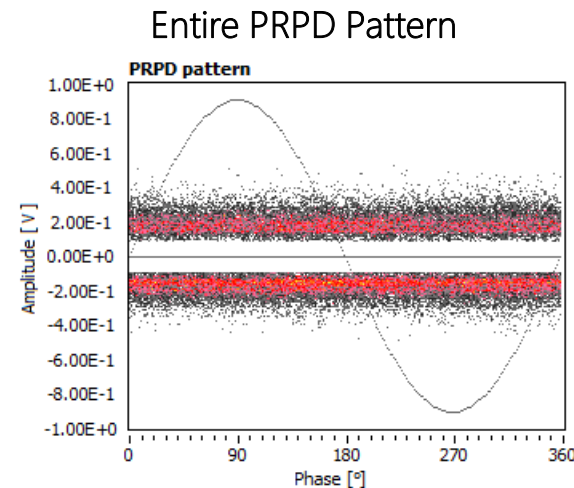
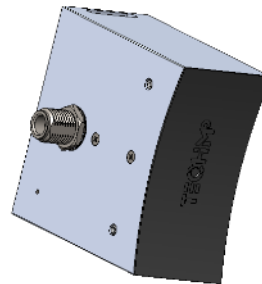
- Test type: Off-line PD Commissioning Test
- Measurement type: Sequential
- Termination type: GIS & Transformer
- PD sensor: HFCT & horn
- Equipment under test: 132kV HV Cable
- Length of the cable: 80m
- Insulation type: XLPE

# CS#1 132kV Cable Termination

The 3 cable termination at the GIS side of the circuit showed PD signals, the equivalent frequency range characterized by average values.



To double check PD source the same termination was tested with UHF Horn antenna.



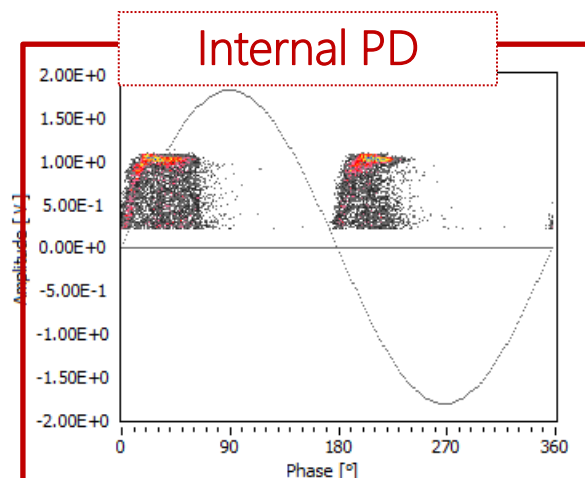
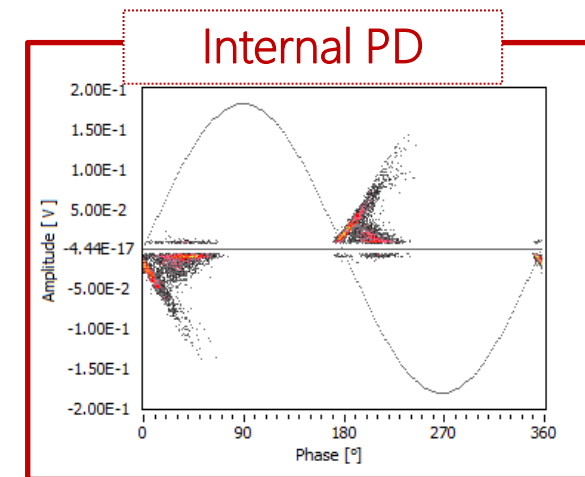
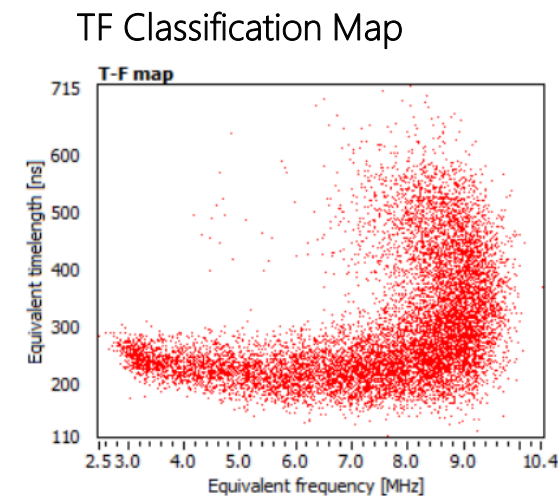
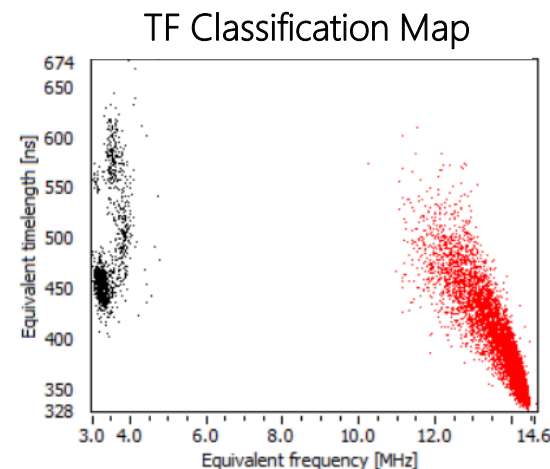
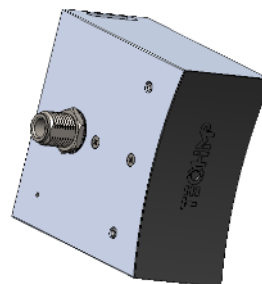
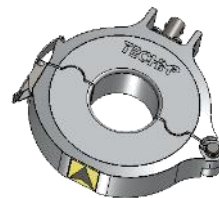
**NOISE ONLY**

# CS#1 132kV Cable Termination

The same test was immediately performed on the othe end of the cabel under test.

The recorded signals showed a much higher repetition rate and amplitude, the PRPD pattern was also very well defined.

Doublechecked with UHF sensor



# CS#2 132kV Cable Termination

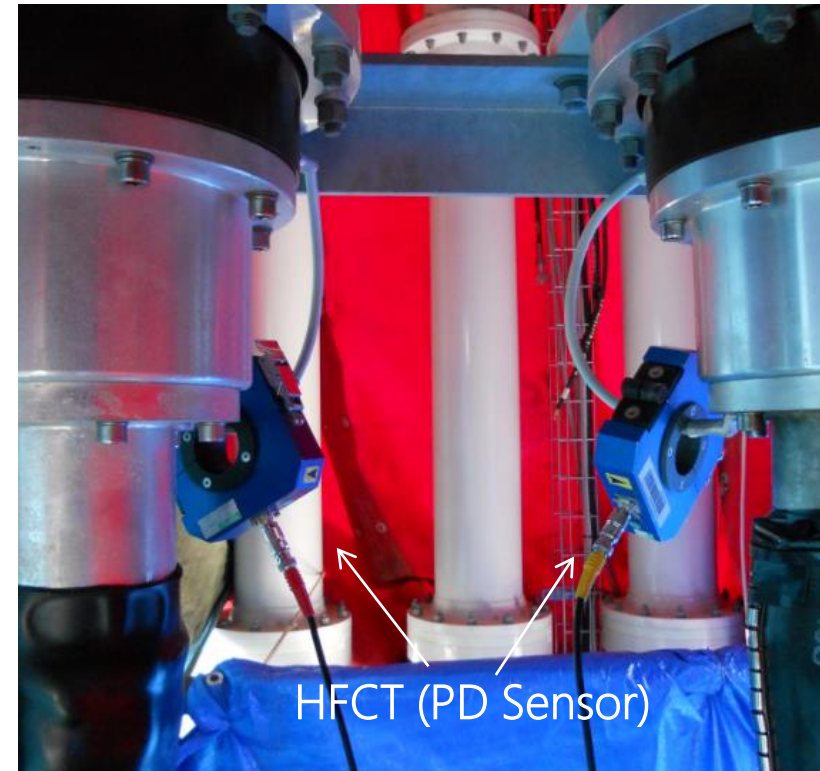
## Measurement Information:

- Test type: Off-line PD Commissioning Test
- Measurement type: Sequential
- Termination type: GIS & Transformer
- PD sensor: HFCT
- Equipment under test: 132kV HV Cable
- Length of the cable: 58m
- Insulation type: XLPE



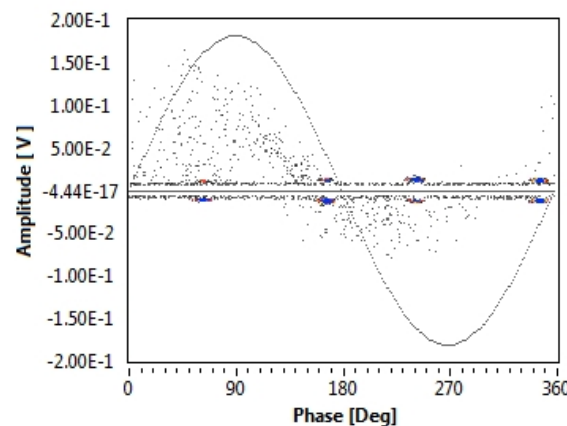
# CS#2 132kV Cable Termination

## GIS Termination Side

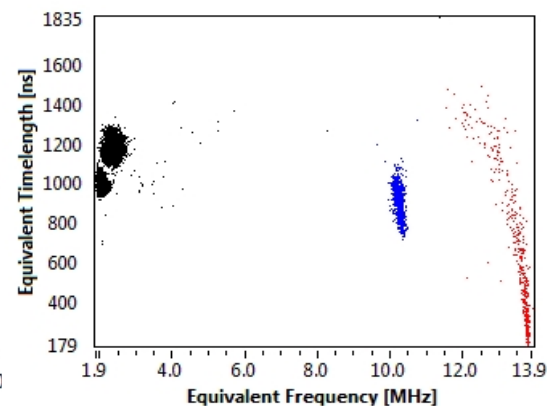


# CS#2 132kV Cable Termination

Entire PRPD Pattern



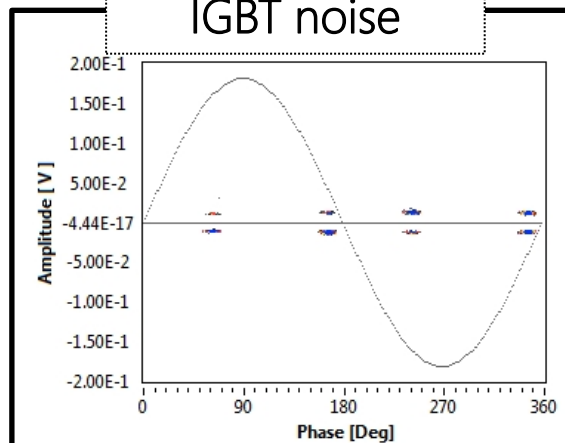
TF Classification Map



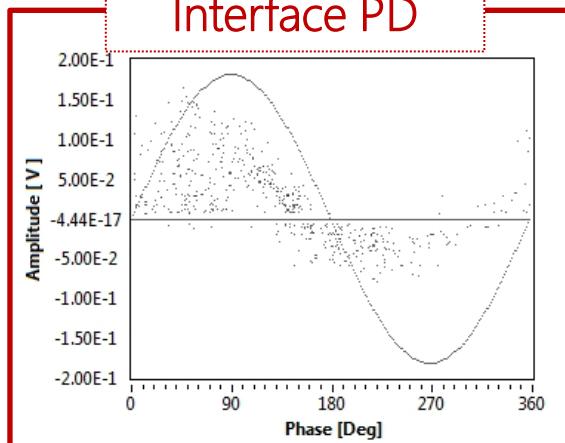
@90kV

Interface PD happening at  
the GIS termination on  
White phase

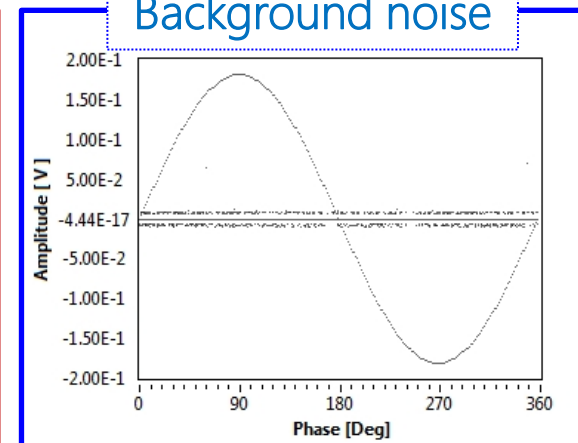
IGBT noise



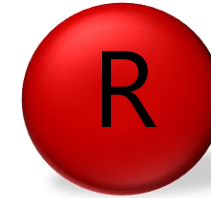
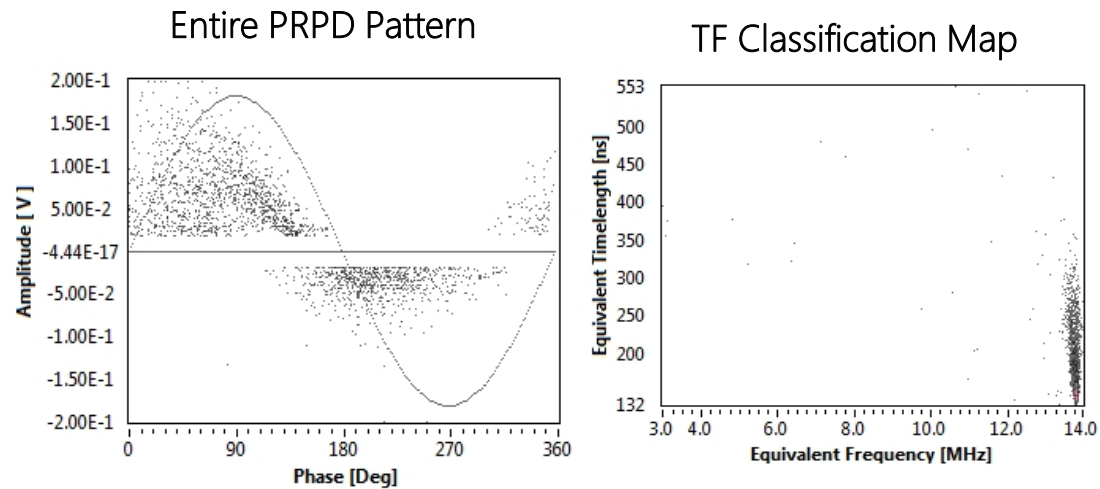
Interface PD



Background noise

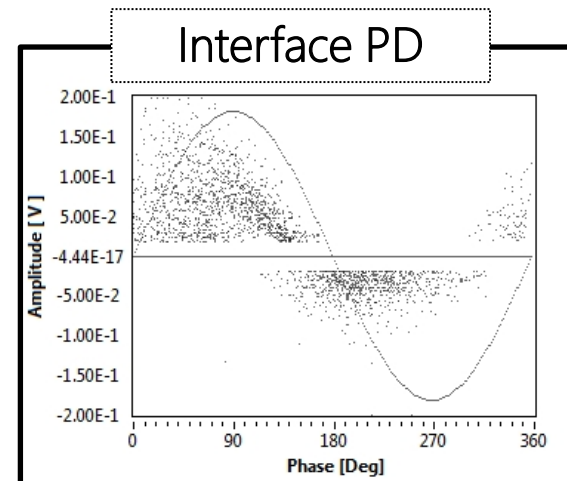


# CS#2 Cable commissioning



@100kV

Clear **interface PD**  
happening at the GIS  
Waveform confirms very  
typical PD pulse shape



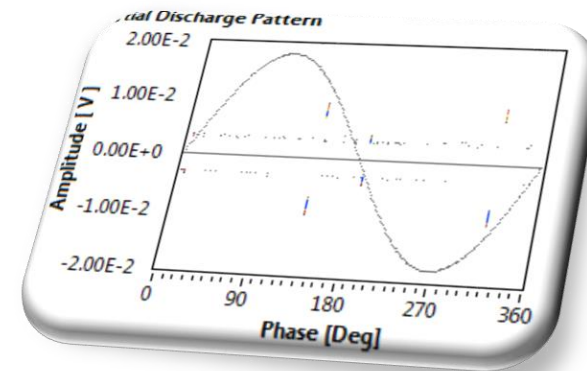
**Termination replacement**

# CS#2 Cable commissioning



White phase GIS termination disassembled

Visual inspection



PD Commissioning test after replacement

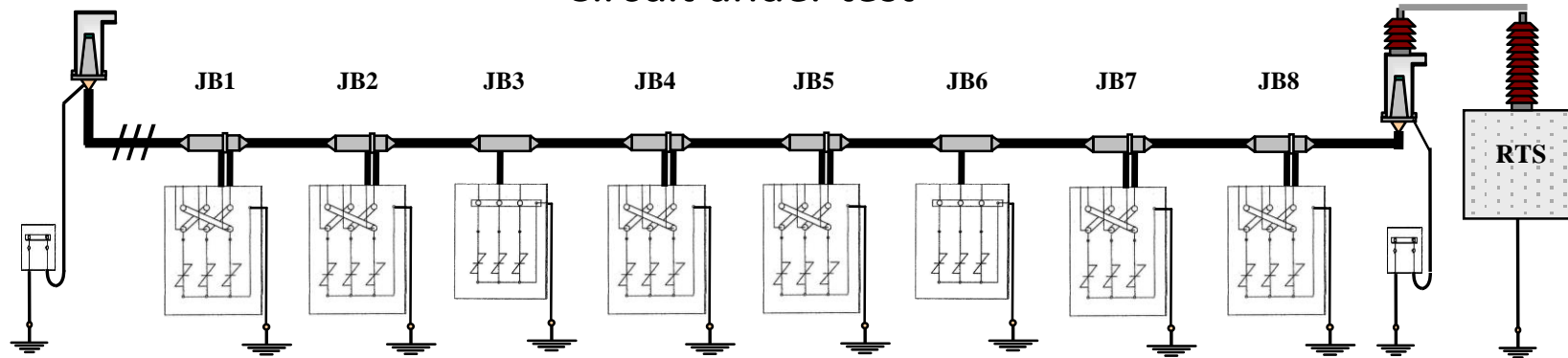
# CS#3 Cable Commissioning

## Measurement Information:

- Test type: Off-line PD Commissioning Test
- Measurement type: Sequential
- Termination type: GIS termination
- PD sensor: HFCT & embedded
- Equipment under test: 400kV HV Cable
- Length of the cable: 4200m
- Insulation type: XLPE

# CS#3 Cable Commissioning

Circuit under test



Sensors connection at terminations

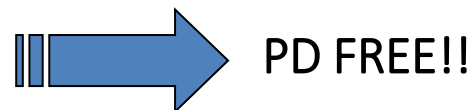


Sensors connection at link boxes

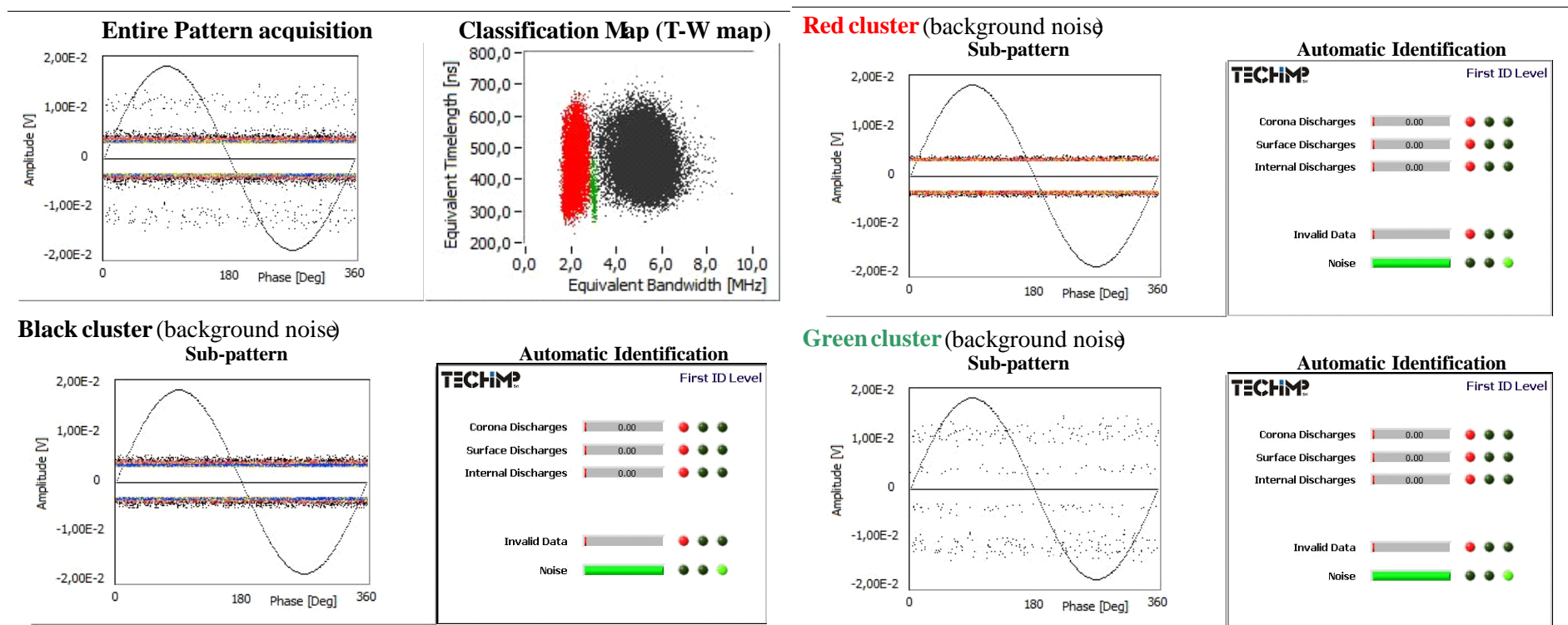


# CS#3 Cable Commissioning

...3° PD measurement  
after terminals  
replacement....



PD FREE!!

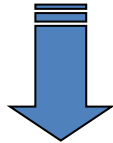


# CS#3 Cable Commissioning

1° PD measurement

Results:

- PD activities detected at one side terminations of yellow and blue phases



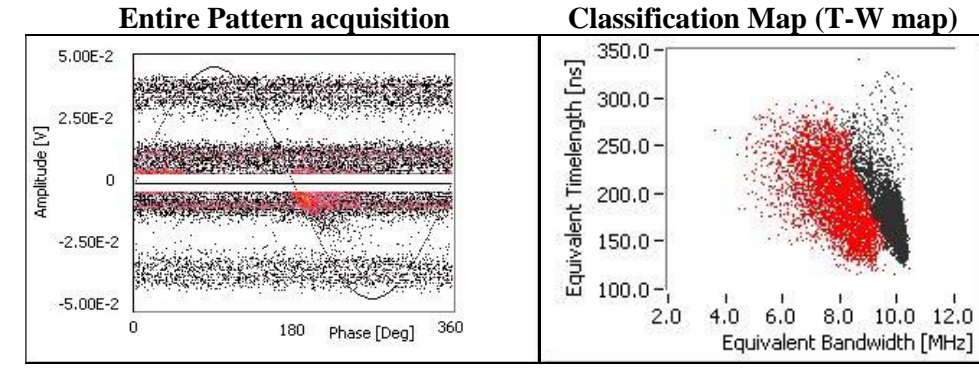
Taken action:

- inspection and cleaning of the outer part of the insulation system of two terminals

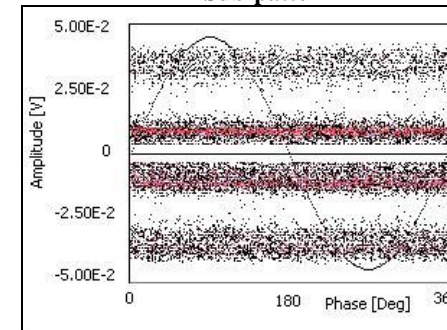


Re-installation..

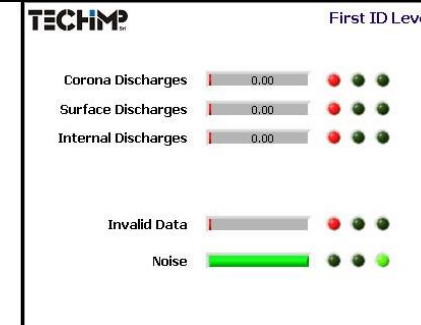
...2° PD measurement...



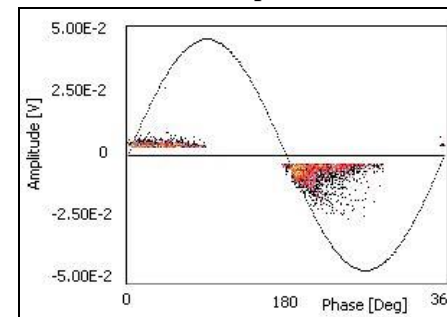
**Black phenomenon**(background noise  
Sub-pattern



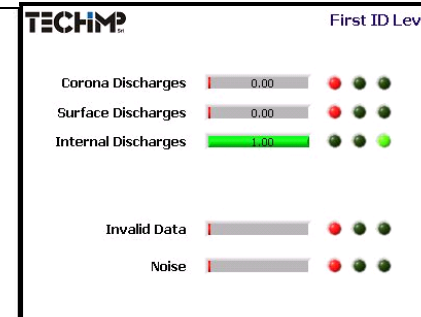
**Automatic Identification**



**Red phenomenon**(internal discharges)  
Sub-pattern



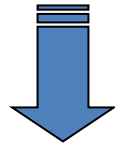
**Automatic Identification**



# CS#3 Cable Commissioning

2° PD measurement  
Results:

- Again PD activities detected at the same terminations of yellow and blue phase

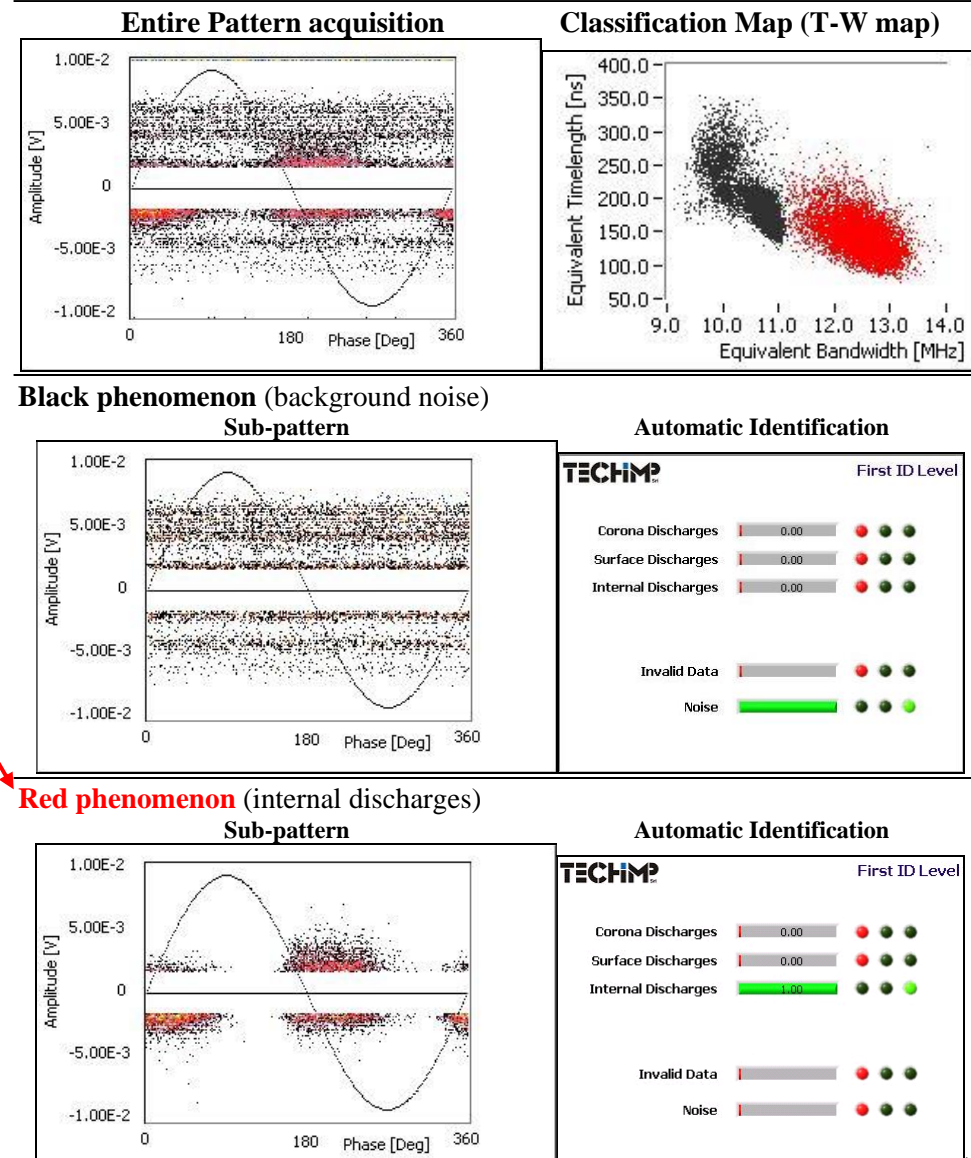


Taken action:

- To replace terminations!!!



After replacement..  
...3° PD measurement...



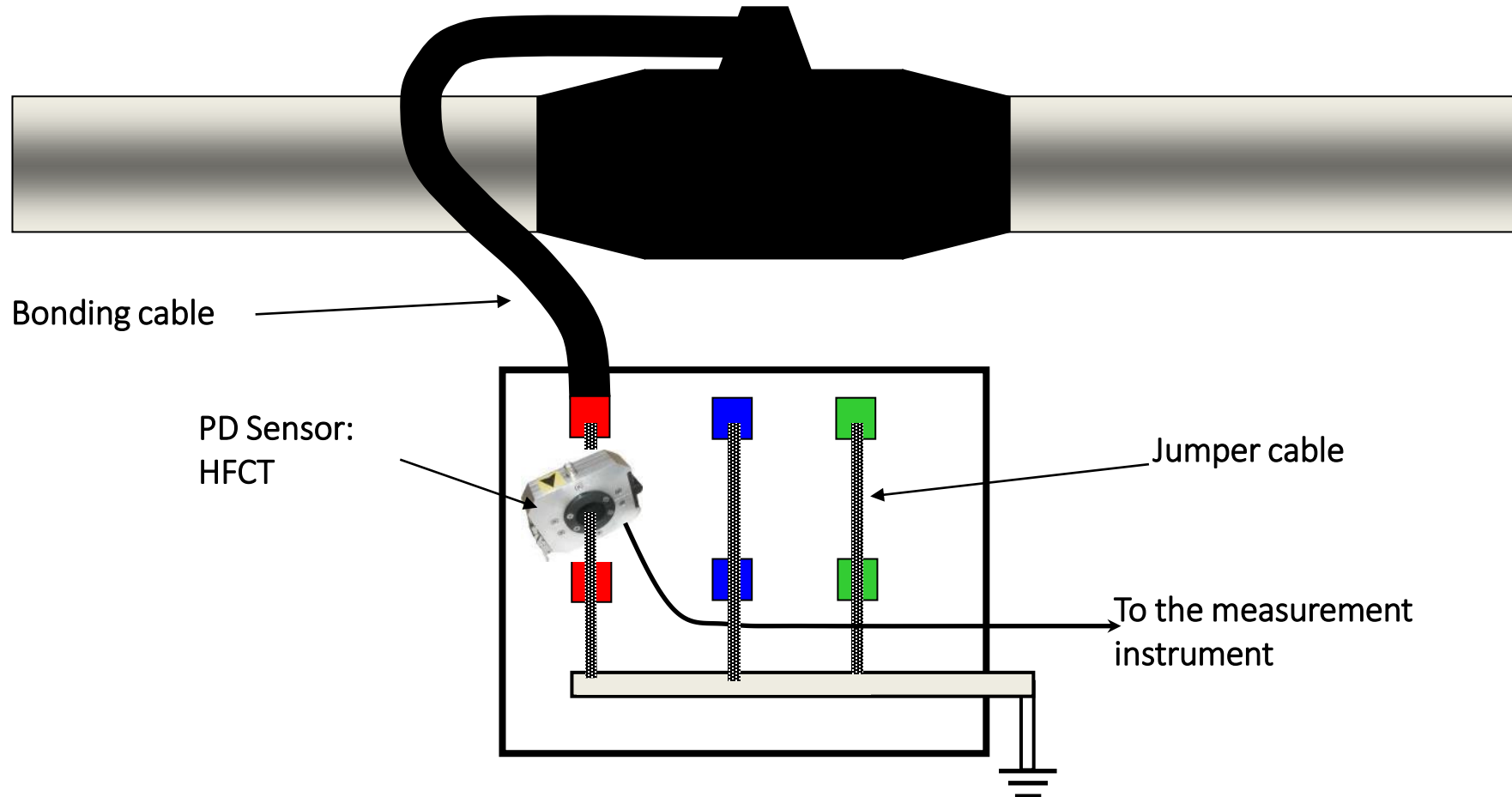
# CS#4 Cable Commissioning

## Measurement Information:

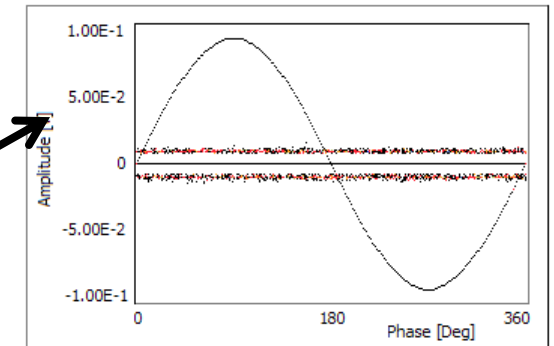
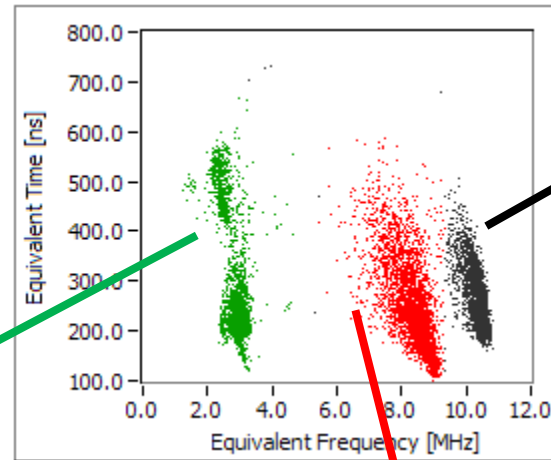
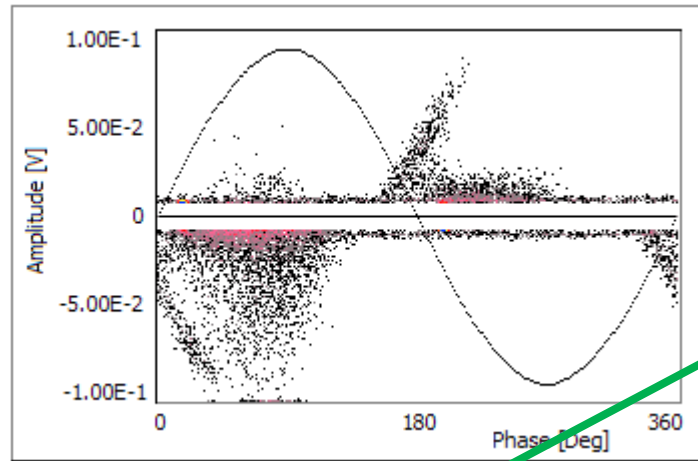
- Test type: Off-line Commissioning Test
- Measurement type: Sequential
- Termination type: Outdoor
- Measurement date: 2012
- PD sensor: HFCT
- Equipment under test: 220kV HV Cable
- Length of the cable: 1300m
- Insulation type: XLPE

# CS#4 Cable Commissioning

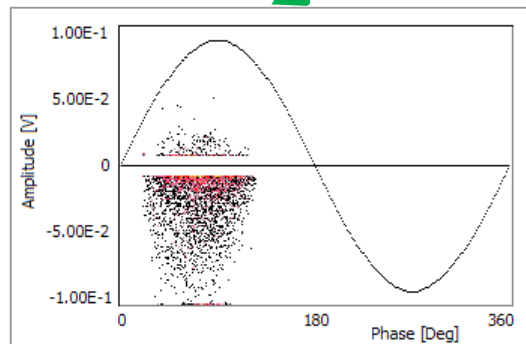
On site commissioning PD test on HV Cable: PD detection



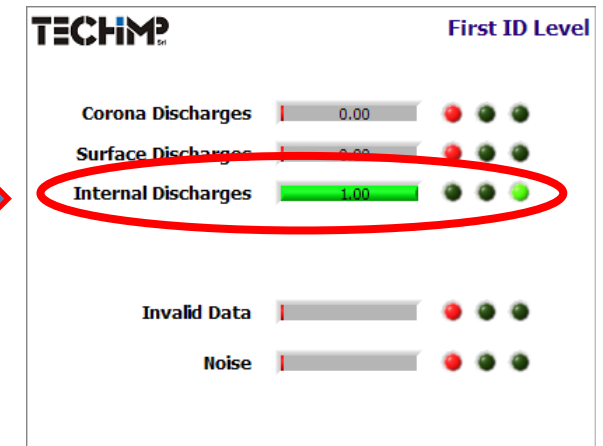
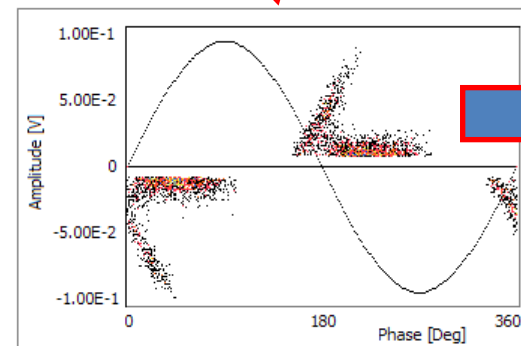
# CS#4 Cable Commissioning



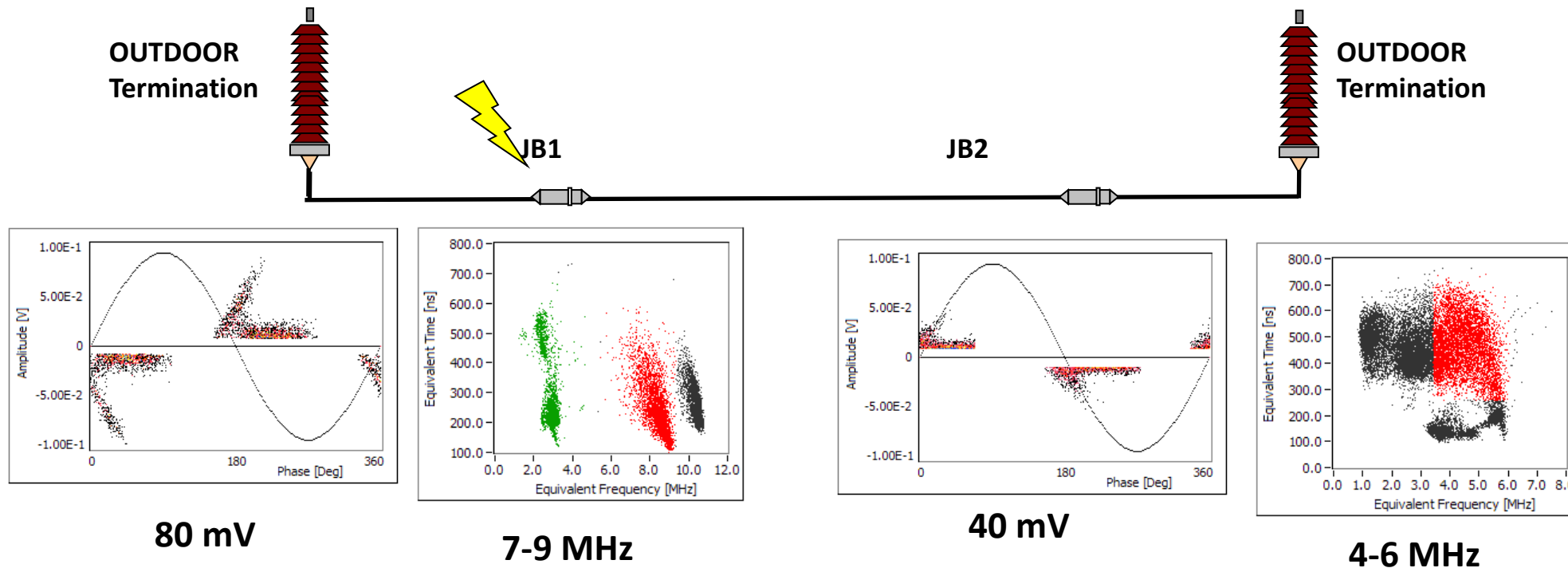
Background noise



Surface/Corona discharges



# CS#4 Cable Commissioning



Higer amplitudes and frequencies for PD measured on Joint Bay 1

# Next ALTANOVA WEBINARS



**13** Apr Offline testing of power transformer - APAC



**19** Apr Offline testing of underground cables with high level intro - APAC



**4** Mag Las diferentes herramientas de diagnóstico del Análisis de Gases Disueltos (DGA), cuándo / cómo usarlas de manera eficiente



**10** Mag Managing and visualizing transformer oil test data - EMEA



**17** Mag Managing and visualizing transformer oil test data - APAC



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Thank you for attending our webinar!

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